

CLAIMS:

1. An apparatus adapted for supplying a plurality of clock signals, said apparatus comprising

a set of clock signal circuits adapted for generating m clock signals of at
least two different signal periods, with m being a natural number;

a superperiod signal generating unit adapted for deriving, from a
dedicated clock signal of said set of clock signals, a first superperiod
signal, whereby the signal period of said first superperiod signal is a
common multiple of the clock signals' signal periods.
2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein one signal period of said first
superperiod signal comprises n_i signal periods of the respective i -th clock
signal, whereby n_i is a natural number, and $1 \leq i \leq m$.
3. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein at least some of said clock
signal circuits comprise synchronization facilities adapted for
synchronizing at least some of said clock signals to said first superperiod
signal.
4. The apparatus of claim 2, further comprising a central facility adapted for
programming or reprogramming the respective value n_i corresponding to
the i -th clock signal, for any i with $1 \leq i \leq m$.
5. The apparatus of claim 2, further comprising a central facility adapted for
programming or reprogramming at least one of

the clock frequency of the i -th clock signal, for any i with $1 \leq i \leq m$, or

the respective value n_i corresponding to the i -th clock signal.
6. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the signal period of said first
superperiod signal is the lowest common multiple of the clock signals'

signal periods.

5 7. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said superperiod generating unit comprises a first superperiod counter adapted for generating one superperiod of said first superperiod signal per n_j signal periods of said dedicated j-th clock signal.

8. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein at least some of said clock signal circuits delay their respective clock signal in a way that at least some of the edges of the respective clock signal coincide with edges of said first superperiod signal.

10 9. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein at least some of said clock signal circuits comprise variable delay elements adapted for compensating the relative phase delay between the respective clock signal and said first superperiod signal.

15 10. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein at least some of said clock signal circuits derive second superperiod signals from the respective clock signals and synchronize said second superperiod signals to said first superperiod signal.

20 11. The apparatus of claim 10, wherein
at least some of said clock signal circuits delay both their respective clock signal and the respective second superperiod signal derived therefrom in a way that the respective second superperiod signal is in phase with said first superperiod signal.

25 12. The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein at least some of said clock signal circuits comprise second superperiod counters adapted for generating one superperiod of the respective second superperiod signal per n_i signal periods of the corresponding i-th clock signal.

13. The apparatus according to claim 12, wherein at least some of said clock signal circuits comprise counter initialization units that sample said first superperiod signal in accordance with the corresponding i-th clock signal in order to obtain a series of sampling values, and that perform an initialization of the corresponding second superperiod counter in dependence on a signal transition of said sampling values.
14. The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein at least some of said clock signal circuits comprise phase detection units adapted for determining the relative phase delay between the respective second superperiod signal and said first superperiod signal.
15. The apparatus according to claim 14, wherein said phase detection units are realized by means of flip-flops, whereby said first superperiod signal is applied to the flip-flop's clock input, and whereby the respective second superperiod signal is applied to the flip-flop's data input, or vice versa.
16. The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein at least some of said clock signal circuits comprise variable delay elements adapted for compensating the relative phase delay between the respective second superperiod signal and said first superperiod signal.
17. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein at least some of said clock signal circuits comprise clock selection facilities that allow to select, besides the clock signal circuit's own clock signal, a clock signal of a remote clock signal circuit as an output signal of said clock signal circuit.
18. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein any clock signal of said set of clock signals is selectable as said dedicated clock signal.
19. The apparatus according to claim 7, wherein at least one of said first and said second superperiod counters is a programmable superperiod counter, whereby the respective counter period n_i can be programmed or reprogrammed.

20. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said clock signals are utilized in a DUT testing environment for at least one of providing stimulus signals to a DUT or receiving response signals from the DUT.
21. An automated test equipment comprising:
- 5 test circuitry adapted for testing at least one DUT, said test circuitry being responsible for at least one of: providing stimulus signals to said at least one DUT, and receiving response signals from said at least one DUT;
- an apparatus according to claims 1, whereby said apparatus provides a plurality of clock signals to said test circuitry.
- 10 22. The automated test equipment of claim 21, wherein at least one of the clock frequency of the i -th clock signal, for any i with $1 \leq i \leq m$, or the respective value n_i corresponding to the i -th clock signal, for any i with $1 \leq i \leq m$, is adapted to the clock domains of the DUT.
- 15 23. Data processing system comprising an apparatus adapted for supplying a plurality of clock signals, said apparatus comprising
- a set of clock signal circuits adapted for generating m clock signals of at least two different signal periods, with m being a natural number;
- a superperiod signal generating unit adapted for deriving, from a dedicated clock signal of said set of clock signals, a first superperiod
- 20 signal, whereby the signal period of said first superperiod signal is a common multiple of the clock signals' signal periods.
24. A method for supplying a plurality of clock signals, comprising the steps of
- generating m clock signals of at least two different signal periods, with m being a natural number;
- 25 deriving, from a dedicated clock signal of said set of clock signals, a first

superperiod signal, whereby the signal period of said first superperiod signal is a common multiple of the clock signals' signal periods.

25. The method of claim 24, comprising a step of

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synchronizing at least some of said clock signals to said first superperiod signal.

26. A software program or product, preferably stored on a data carrier, for executing the steps of:

generating m clock signals of at least two different signal periods, with m being a natural number;

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deriving, from a dedicated clock signal of said set of clock signals, a first superperiod signal, whereby the signal period of said first superperiod signal is a common multiple of the clock signals' signal periods,

when run on a data processing system such as a computer.

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